Withdrawal Reflex Anatomy Kenhub
April 17th, 2019 - Withdrawal Reflex The withdrawal reflex is a spinal reflex intended to protect the body from damaging stimuli. It is a polysynaptic reflex causing stimulation of sensory association and motor neurons. In this article, we will discuss the basic anatomy, the neural pathways, and also the clinical relevance of this reflex.

Peritoneo Wikipedia la enciclopedia libre
April 19th, 2019 - El peritoneo es la membrana serosa que reviste el interior de la cavidad abdominal. Se estructura en dos capas: la capa exterior llamada peritoneo parietal, está adherida a la pared de la cavidad abdominal, y la capa interna o peritoneo visceral, envuelve el intestino delgado y otros órganos del abdomen. El espacio entre ambas capas se denomina cavidad peritoneal y contiene una pequeña cantidad de líquido.

Greater superficial petrosal nerve Radiology Reference
April 17th, 2019 - The greater superficial petrosal nerve originates at the geniculate ganglion where the nervus intermedius and facial nerve join. It contains mainly preganglionic parasympathetic fibers and some sensory taste afferent from the soft palate. It arises at the geniculate ganglion, passes through a hiatus in the petrous bone to reach middle cranial fossa, lying between the two layers of the dura mater.

Posterior sacrococcygeal ligament Wikipedia
April 17th, 2019 - The posterior sacrococcygeal ligament or dorsal sacrococcygeal ligament is a ligament which stretches from the sacrum to the coccyx and thus dorsally across the sacrococcygeal symphysis shared by these two bones. This ligament is divisible in two parts: a short, deep part which unites the two bones and a larger superficial portion which completes the lower back part of the sacral canal.

Patella Anatomy Function amp Clinical Aspects Kenhub
April 17th, 2019 - Anatomy. The patella is the largest sesamoid bone in the body and it lies within the quadriceps tendon in front of the knee joint. The bone originates from multiple ossification centres that develop from the ages of three to six which rapidly coalesce.

Hallux Wikipedia la enciclopedia libre
April 18th, 2019 - El hallux mayormente conocido como dedo gordo o grueso del pie o gran artejo u orté 2 3 4 es considerado el primer dedo del pie en cuanto a orden. Es el correspondiente al dedo pulgar pollex o póllice en los miembros superiores. Posee a diferencia de los otros dedos dos falanges en lugar de tres. El ser humano es el único primate en el que el hallux está alineado en paralelo con...
Uncinate process of the cervical spine Radiology
April 5th, 2019 - The uncinate process of the cervical spine is a hook shaped process found bilaterally on the superolateral margin of the cervical vertebral bodies of C3 C7 The uncinate processes are more anteriorly positioned in the upper cervical spine and more posteriorly location in the lower cervical spine

Transpyloric plane Wikipedia
April 19th, 2019 - The transpyloric plane also known as Addison’s plane is an imaginary horizontal plane located halfway between the suprasternal notch of the manubrium and the upper border of the symphysis pubis at the level of the first lumbar vertebrae L1 It lies roughly a hand’s breadth beneath the xiphisternum or midway between the xiphisternum and the umbilicus